ORTHOPEDIC IMPAIRMENT

Authorities: 34 CFR Part 300; 19 TAC Chapter 89

Additional Resources

	FEDERAL AND STATE REQUIREMENTS
	The child must be assessed in all areas of suspected disability.
Documen	t Citations:
	<u>300.304(c)(4)</u>
Practice	The local education agency must comply with EVALUATION PROCEDURES.
Practice	In Texas, the group of qualified professionals that determines whether the child is a child with a disability and the educational needs of the child is the child's <u>ADMISSION</u> , <u>REVIEW</u> , <u>AND</u> <u>DISMISSAL</u> <u>COMMITTEE</u> .
	Citations:
	<u>89.1040(b)</u>
	<u>89.1050(a)(5)</u>
	EVALUATION PROCEDURES
Documen	The group of qualified professionals that collects or reviews evaluation data in connection with the determination of the <u>A</u> child's eligibility based on an orthopedic impairment must include a <u>medical diagnosis provided by a licensed physician</u> .
	Citations:
	<u>89.1040(c)(7)</u>
	ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA
	A child with an orthopedic impairment is one who has been determined to meet the criteria for orthopedic impairment.
Documen	t Citations:
	<u>89.1040(c)(7)</u>
	<u>300.8(c)(8)</u>
Documen	Orthopedic impairment means a severe orthopedic impairment that adversely affects the child's educational performance.

	FEDERAL AND STATE REQUIREMENTS
	Citations:
	<u>300.8(c)(8)</u>
	Orthopedic impairment includes impairments caused by:
<u>Practice</u>	Citations:
	<u>300.8(c)(8)</u>
	Congenital anomaly;
<u>Practice</u>	Citations:
	<u>300.8(c)(8)</u>
	Disease, such as poliomyelitis, bone tuberculosis; and
<u>Practice</u>	Citations:
	<u>300.8(c)(8)</u>
	• Other causes, such as cerebral palsy, amputations, and fractures or burns that cause contractures.
<u>Practice</u>	
	Citations:
	<u>300.8(c)(8)</u>

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